

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

LIKISHA BRADDY-ROBINSON, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

HILTON SCRANTON & CONFERENCE  
CENTER, et al.,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:08-CV-0286

(JUDGE CAPUTO)

**MEMORANDUM ORDER**

Presently before the Court is Getaway Weekend Vacations, Inc. d/b/a Adventures Unlimited's ("Getaway") motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint. (Doc. 16.) On February 15, 2008, Plaintiffs Likisha Braddy-Robinson, Lanetta Britt, Tyheshia T. Cleveland, Joanne Fuller, Sheila Goodson, Carma Hamilton, Wanda Leach, Vera Leath, Linette Lewis, Marshina McCrea, Danielle Moore, Denise Roberts, Susan I. Sutton, Sheila D. Woodlen, and Stephanie Young filed their Complaint against Defendants Getaway and the Hilton Scranton and Conference Center ("Hilton"). (Doc. 1.) On June 25, 2008, Defendant Getaway filed a motion to dismiss the Plaintiffs' Complaint. (Doc. 16.)

Local Rule 7.6 requires that "[a]ny party opposing any motion shall file a responsive brief, together with any opposing affidavits, deposition transcripts or other documents, within fifteen (15) days after services of the movant's brief . . . . Any respondent who fails to comply with this rule shall be deemed not to oppose such motion."

Although the deadline for filing an opposing brief has passed, Plaintiffs have neither filed a brief in opposition to Defendant Getaway's motion, nor have Plaintiffs

requested an extension of time in which to do so. In *Stackhouse v. Mazurkiewicz*, 951 F.2d 29, 30 (3d Cir. 1991), the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit held that a motion to dismiss should not simply be granted because it is unopposed. Because the Local Rules of Court must be “construed and applied in a manner consistent with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure,” *Anchorage Assoc. v. Virgin Islands Bd. of Tax Review*, 922 F.2d 168, 174 (3d Cir. 1990), the disposition of an unopposed motion ordinarily requires a merits analysis. However, the Third Circuit Court of Appeals did not preclude dismissal based upon an unopposed motion after adequate warning. “We do not suggest that the district court may never rely on the local rule to treat a motion to dismiss as unopposed and subject to dismissal without a merits analysis . . . Nor do we suggest that if a party fails to comply with the rule after a specific direction to comply from the court, the rule cannot be invoked.” *Stackhouse*, 951 F.2d at 30.

Based on Plaintiffs’ failure to take any action in response to Defendant Getaway’s motion, it would appear that Plaintiffs may have abandoned interest in pursuing this matter. However, the Court will grant additional time for the Plaintiffs to respond to the motion and direct them to respond within fifteen (15) days. If Plaintiffs fail to oppose the motion or otherwise communicate with the Court within fifteen (15) days of the date of this Order, the Court will consider the motion to dismiss unopposed and grant dismissal without a merits analysis. Moreover, upon failure of Plaintiffs to oppose the Defendant’s motions, the Court may consider dismissing this case for failure to prosecute and failure to comply with a court order under FED. R. CIV. P. 41(b).

**NOW, this 5th day of August, 2008, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT** Plaintiffs shall respond to Defendant’s Motions to Dismiss (Docs. 16) within fifteen (15) days of the

date of this Order. If Plaintiffs fail to timely oppose the Motion or otherwise communicate with the Court, the Court will grant the unopposed Motion to Dismiss without a merits analysis, and the Court will also consider dismissing the case for failure to prosecute and failure to comply with a court order under FED. R. Civ. P. 41(b).

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/s/ A. Richard Caputo

A. Richard Caputo

United States District Judge